



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Klasing has been publishing, for some years, under the general title of "Land und Leute." They are intended for popular reading and are sold at small prices. In no other sense are they cheap, for they rank among the best descriptive works on the countries of which they treat and they are certainly not surpassed by any other series of geographical monographs as specimens of fine book-making and in their perfect reproduction of well-selected photographs. Geographically, they are sound, as they should be, for the writers of these monographs are geographers whose work is well known, and not a few of them are among leading geographers of Germany, professors in the higher schools of the country and widely known for their contributions to geographical literature. Mr. Scobel, the editor of the series, is among the leading cartographers of the day. Each volume has a list of works on the country, a comprehensive index and a good map.

Les Warega. (Congo Belge.) Par le Commandant Delhaise. Avec une Préface de Cyr. van Overbergh. xx and 376 pp., map, plan and illustrations. Large 8vo. Albert De Wit, Brussels, 1909.

This volume is No. 5 in the valuable "Collections de Monographies ethnographiques" which are being published in Brussels. The present work describes a peculiarly interesting people of the eastern Belgian Congo. The Warega, living in the Great Forest, extend from the Congo River eastward, almost to lakes Tanganyika and Kivu, mainly between 2° and 3° S. Lat. The forest has isolated them and they have fortunately escaped prolonged contact with the Arabs. They are a fine tribe, pure in blood, practicing polygamy only in moderation, once cannibals but eating human flesh no longer, unspoiled children of the forest whose degree of civilization may be measured by the respect in which they hold women, in which regard they have a place of honor among African peoples. They travel little and live contentedly on their clearings or on the small areas of grass land that are scattered through the wide forest. Their most conspicuous industrial attainment is in iron smelting and working, in which they are skilful.

Commandant Delhaise, who was stationed among the Warega two years (1906-7), has dispelled the mystery that involved this unmolested and comfortable people. His large book gives a systematic and complete description of the tribe and its country. A considerable number of photographs, at the end of the volume, are referred, by numerals, to various parts of the text. There are plans of a Warega village and of Micici, the chief government post; also a black and white map of the country. The soil is well adapted for the production of many crops and European vegetables of all kinds are raised at the colonial stations.

The Valley of Aosta. A Descriptive and Historical Sketch of an Alpine Valley noteworthy in Story and Monument. By Felice Ferrero. xvi and 336 pp., 3 maps and 39 illustrations. 8vo. G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York, 1910. \$2.

This beautiful Italian valley is not yet very well known to American tourists. It runs up into the Alps from a point not far to the north of Turin, and it is claimed for it that it contains the best Roman ruins outside of Rome and Pompeii, besides scores of mediæval castles that are well worth visiting. The valley, with its ramifications, also leads up to the highest peaks of the Alps. All who